

know: $p_1 = 7 \text{ bar}$
 $T_1 = 165^\circ \text{C}$
 measure: $p_2 = 0.15 \text{ bar}$
 $T_2 = 75^\circ \text{C}$



- 1st law: $0 = 0 + 0 + \dot{m}_2 (h_1 - h_2)$

(no work by moving walls,

no heat x-fer, steady, no $\Delta KE \rightarrow h_1 = h_2 = \text{const}$

- calorid eqn. of state: 2 phase: $h = h(p, T)$

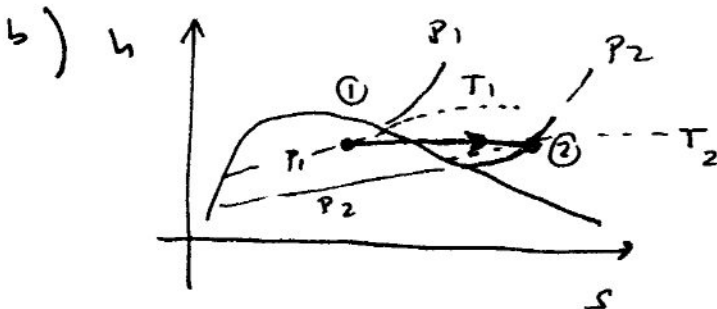
so if $h = \text{const} \rightarrow T$ not const necessarily

- Gibbs: $T ds = dh - v dp \rightarrow T ds = -\frac{1}{s} dp = d\phi > 0$

so p drops as entropy is generated (s increases)

- hence T drops (see data also) due to change in quality / phase

\rightarrow process is isenthalpic ($h = \text{const}$)



2 phase mixture throttled to superheated steam when T and p independent

c) $h_1 = x_1 h_g(T_1) + (1 - x_1) h_f(T_1) = h_2(p_2, T_2)$

$$x_1 = \frac{h_2(p_2, T_2) - h_f(T_1)}{h_g(T_1) - h_f(T_1)}$$

$x_1 = 0.94$

$h_f(T_1) = 697.34 \text{ kJ/kg}$

$h_g(T_1) = 2763.5 \text{ kJ/kg}$

$h_2(p_2, T_2) = 2640.1 \text{ kJ/kg}$

2.

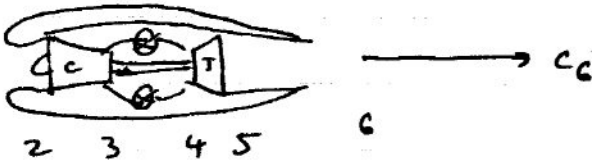
16. Unified sp of

engine on the ground

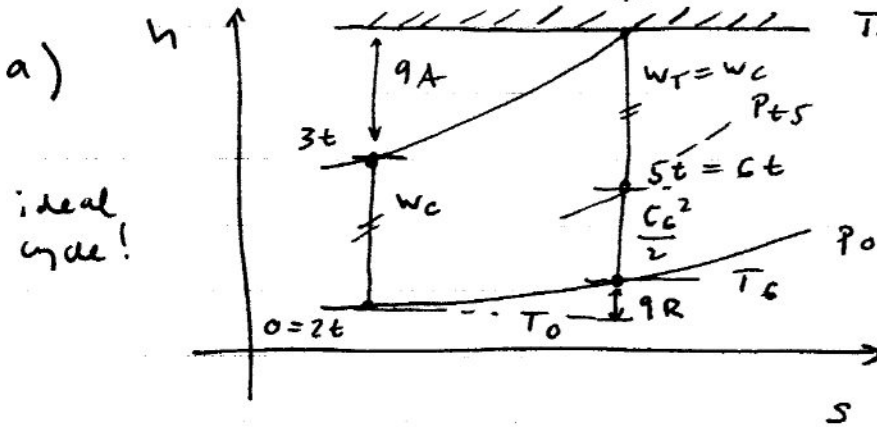
know: T_0, p_0

T_{tmax}

T_c



assume air throughout



Note:

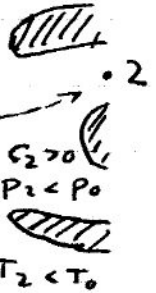
p_0, T_0

$C_0 = 0$

$p_{t0} = p_0$

$T_{t0} = T_0$

Inlet



b) $T ds = dq$
 $= dh - v dp$ so $0 \rightarrow 1$ $p = \text{const}$ $q_R = h_c - h_0 = c_p(T_c - T_0)$

$ds = c_p \frac{dT}{T} \rightarrow \Delta s_R = c_p \ln\left(\frac{T_0}{T_c}\right) < 0$

c) ditto for heat addition, so $3 \rightarrow 4$ $p = \text{const}$ $q_A = c_p(T_{tmax} - T_{t3})$

$ds = c_p \frac{dT}{T} \rightarrow \Delta s_A = c_p \ln\left(\frac{T_{tmax}}{T_{t3}}\right) > 0$

d) $\Delta s_R + \Delta s_A = \Delta s_{\text{cycle}} = 0$ so $\frac{T_{t3}}{T_{tmax}} = \frac{T_0}{T_c}$, ($T_{tmax} = T_{t4}$)

$\ln\left(\frac{T_0}{T_c}\right) = \ln\left(\frac{T_{t3}}{T_{tmax}}\right)$

(or: same PR \rightarrow same TR)

$T_{t3} = T_{tmax} \cdot \frac{T_0}{T_c}$

e) $\eta_{th} = 1 - \frac{q_R}{q_A} = 1 - \frac{T_c - T_0}{T_{tmax}(1 - T_0/T_c)}$; $\eta_{th} = 1 - \frac{T_c}{T_{tmax}}$

f) $w_{net} = q_A - q_R = \frac{C_c^2}{2} = c_p [T_{tmax}(1 - T_0/T_c) - (T_c - T_0)]$

$C_c = \sqrt{2c_p(T_{tmax} - T_0)(1 - T_0/T_c)}$